

## Greeting and Responses การทักทาย และการตอบรับการทักทาย

คำทักทายที่ขาดไม่ได้

- Good morning.
  - Good afternoon.
  - Good evening.
- } ดูเป็นทางการ
- 
- Hi / Hi, there.
  - Hello.
- } ใช้แบบไม่เป็นทางการ  
ใช้กับเพื่อนๆ ในการทักทาย

สำนวน “สบายดีหรือเปล่า” “เป็นไงบ้าง”

- How do you do? → ประโยคนี้แปลว่า “ยินดีที่ได้รู้จัก”
  - How are you?
  - How are you going?
  - How are you keeping?
  - How are you doing?
  - How are you getting along?
  - How's life?
  - How's life treating you?
  - How's everything with you?
  - What's new? / What's up?
- } ใช้กับเพื่อนที่สนิทสนมคุ้นเคยกัน

### Remember

การตอบรับ ก็จะมี 3 ลักษณะใหญ่ๆ ด้วยกัน

สบายดี	แยๆ อะช่วงนี้	ก็เรื่อยๆ / ก็อย่างนั้นแหละ
<p>Fine, thanks, and you? Very well, thanks. I am more than ok, thanks. It can't be better.</p>	<p>Not so well .....+(เหตุผล)..... Not very well, .....+(เหตุผล)..... I am in deep water. I am in trouble.</p>	<p>So So. Not so bad. Not a thing. Nothing much. Can't complain.</p>

1. In greeting people whom you don't know well. What would you say?
  - a. How have you been?
  - b. How are you?
  - c. How do you do?
  - d. What's up, Dude?

Three classmates greet one another at the canteen

Tommy : Hi, Robert.

Robert : Hi, Tommy. ....2.....

Tommy : .....3..... I am still working at the same company.

Have you just arrived or heading somewhere?

Robert : I am looking for Lyra. There she is. Hey, Lyra.

Lyra : Hi, Robert. Hi, Tommy. ....4.....

Tommy : Something awful. Robert is looking for you .

Lyra : Oh, what's the problem?

2.
  - a. How are you?
  - b. What' s new?
  - c. What a lovely day?
  - d. How do you do?
3.
  - a. It can't be better.
  - b. The same to you.
  - c. Nothing much really.
  - d. I am still alive.
4.
  - a. How do you do?
  - b. How's life treating you?
  - c. What are you doing here?
  - d. What are you up to?

Jennie sees Tom in the canteen.

Jennie : Hi, Tom .....5..... We haven't met for years.

Tom : .....6..... I got a scholarship to learn Spanish in Spain.

And how about you?

Jennie : .....7..... . I am more than OK.

5.
  - a. Nice to meet you.
  - b. How do you do.
  - c. What's new?
  - d. How have you been?
6.
  - a. Not so bad.
  - b. Nothing special.
  - c. Can't complain.
  - d. It can't be better, thank.
7.
  - a. What a life!
  - b. That's fine to me.
  - c. Lucky you!
  - d. Congratulations.

## Inviting การเชื้อเชิญ

การเชื้อเชิญมักจะเป็นหัวข้อที่ข้อสอบแนวบทสนทนา มักจะนำมาออกอยู่บ่อยๆ นักเรียนจะต้องจำลักษณะของประโยคในการเชื้อเชิญให้แม่นยำ ซึ่งจะมีลักษณะ ดังนี้

- **Why don't you .....+...(V.1).....? Why don't you stop by my house?**  
(แวะมาบ้านหน่อยได้ไหม)
- **Won't you .....+...(V.1).....? Won't you try this soup?**  
(จะไม่ลองซุปรี่ดูหน่อยเหรอครับ)
- **Would you like to .....+...(V.1).....? Would you like to join my party?**  
(มาร่วมงานเลี้ยงเราไหม)
- **Would you care to .....+...(V.1).....? Would you care to stay over my house?**  
(มานอนค้างบ้านเราไหม)
- **I wonder if you'd like to .....+...(V.1)... I wonder if you like to buy this.**  
(เป็นทางการมากๆ) (สนใจซื้ออันนี้ไหม)
- **I was wondering if you ..... I was wondering if you went shopping with me.**  
(ไปช้อปปิ้งด้วยกันไหม)
- **How about + V.ing / .....+...(N)...? How about having a fish steak?**  
(ทานสเต็กปลากันดีไหม)
- **Let's .....+...(V.1)..... Let's plan the reunion.**  
(มาวางแผนงานเลี้ยงรุ่นกันไหม)

การตอบรับคำเชื้อเชิญ มี 2 แบบ คือ ตอบรับ ตอบปฏิเสธ

การตอบรับคำเชื้อเชิญ	การตอบปฏิเสธคำเชื้อเชิญ (แบบผู้ดี)
I'd be glad to .....	Oh, I'd love to but .....
I'd love to .....	Oh, that would be nice, but .....
Yes, I'd like it very much.	I am sorry , but I .....
With pleasure.	I am afraid I .....
That would be nice.	Thanks for asking, but .....
That would be wonderful.	Thanks for inviting, but .....
That sound great.	That is very kind of you, but .....
That sounds like fun.	I wish I could go, but .....
I am looking forward to it.	
I can't wait anymore.	

Tom is inviting Jan to his birthday party, but she can't go.

Jan : Thanks. ....1....., but I have to finish my final project in time.

Tom : .....2..... I really wish you could come.

1. a. It would be a great time for me.  
b. I can't wait any longer.  
c. Let me check my schedule first.  
d. I'd love to
2. a. What a pity!  
b. Are you sure you aren't?  
c. Let's forget it, shall we?  
d. Shame on you.

Tom would like Robert to come for dinner at his house.

Tom : .....3.....

Robert : Yes, I guess so.

Tom : We would like you to come for dinner this Friday.

Robert : .....4..... What time?

Tom : About 7 p.m. and wear something comfortable and casual.

Robert : .....5.....

3. a. Aren't you busy?  
b. Are you free this Friday evening?  
c. Could you please be free on this Friday?  
d. How about having dinner together?
4. a. I'd love to, but let me think for a short time.  
b. I'd like to, but I think I must be busy.  
c. That would be very nice.  
d. That's OK.
5. a. You won't be disappointed  
b. How generous of you to guide me.  
c. Thanks for inviting me, see you.  
d. Don't worry about that.

Nick really wants Joy to dine out with him.

Nick : .....6..... tonight with me.

Jane : Such a nice offer. Oh .....7.....

Nick : That's all right. I will ask you again.

6.
  - a. Will you like to have something
  - b. I was wondering if you had dinner
  - c. Let's find somewhere to eat
  - d. Are you free
7.
  - a. I'd be glad to join.
  - b. I can't wait anymore.
  - c. I won't go.
  - d. I'd love to but I have another appointment.

## Asking for and showing opinion การถามและเสนอความคิดเห็น

### Remember

1. How do you like + N?
2. How do you find + N?
3. What do you think of / about + N?
4. How do you feel about + N?
5. How does ...N... sound to you?
6. What's your opinion of + N?

คุณคิดว่าเป็นไงบ้าง / คุณมีความเห็นต่อ...อย่างไร / ...เป็นไงบ้าง

### Example

**A : What is the weather like in Thailand?** (อากาศในเมืองไทยเป็นไงบ้าง)

**B : It's pretty (ค่อนข้าง) hot (ร้อน) / cold (เย็น) / humid (ร้อนชื้น) / bad (แย่) most of the time.**

เวลาที่เราจะตอบประโยคที่เป็นคำถามความคิดเห็นรูปแบบการตอบที่เจอบ่อยๆ คือ

- I think that .....S + V.....  
I feel that.....S + V.....  
I believe that .....S + V.....
- In my view, .....  
In my opinion, .....  
In my perspective (มุมมอง), .....  
} ในความคิดเห็นของผม, ในมุมมองของผม คือ.....
- To tell the truth ..... / as far as I am concerned ..... (เท่าที่รู้นะ)  
/ to the best of my knowledge, .....(เท่าที่รู้นะ)

At the party : Tom has just met Susan. He is trying to find out what she likes.

Tom : What's more interesting to you, shopping or watching movies?

Susan : .....

Tom : Thanks a bunch.

1. a. I'm afraid, I am in a hurry.  
b. I'd love shopping. It is very enjoyable.  
c. To be frank, watching movies is more interesting.  
d. Nothing special to me.

Alan : .....

Tony : I find it more attractive than the previous one.

Alan : That's great.

2. a. How was your day?  
b. What do you think about this plan?  
c. What is your next plan like?  
d. What about the plan?

Talking about their Italian teacher.

Joe : .....3..... your Italian teacher?

Jane : Actually, he is a friendly person but .....4.....

Joe : Why not? .....5.....

Jane : No, I don't , I am afraid to make mistakes in Italian . He'll laugh at me.

Joe : .....6..... Don't be silly your Italian skills are more than OK.

3. a. How do you like  
b. What do you like  
c. How do you think about  
d. What is
4. a. He is always late  
b. He seems busy at all time.  
c. I don't have much contact with him  
d. his teaching skills are wonderful
5. a. What a mess!  
b. Does he make you angry with him?  
c. Are you sure of it?  
d. Do you personally hate him?

6.
  - a. It is a waste of time.
  - b. How aggressive you are!
  - c. Come on, friend!
  - d. Take a deep breath.

## Agreeing and Disagreeing การแสดงความคิดเห็นด้วยและไม่เห็นด้วย

การแสดงความคิดเห็นด้วย แค่บางส่วน

- I see your point, but .....
- I see what you mean but .....
- I don't entirely agree with it.
- Yes, you may be right but .....
- I agree with you to some extent, but .....

แต่ ถ้ายังไม่แน่ใจ

- I am not sure.....
- I may be wrong but .....
- Let me think about it.
- I don't know much about it, but.....

### Remember

การแสดงความคิดเห็นด้วยอย่างสุดๆ

- You are absolutely right.
- I am totally in favour of it.
- I couldn't agree with you more.
- No doubt about it.

แต่ถ้าเราไม่เห็นด้วยกับความคิด ข้อเสนอของอีกฝ่ายหนึ่ง ใช้ประโยคเหล่านี้เลย

ไม่ค่อยเห็นด้วย	ไม่เห็นด้วยอย่างแรง
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I am against it.</li> <li>• I don't approve of it.</li> <li>• I am not in favor of it.</li> <li>• That may be true, but .....</li> <li>• You may be right, but.....</li> <li>• I seem to have a different opinion.</li> <li>• I am opposed to it.</li> <li>• I think, you are mistaken about it.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Absolutely not. / Definitely not.</li> <li>• I don't mean to disagree but .....</li> <li>• Come off it.</li> <li>• I am afraid I entirely disagree with it.</li> <li>• Rubbish / Nonsense.</li> <li>• You are putting me on it.</li> <li>• No , you are totally wrong.</li> </ul> <p>(Rubbish/ Nonsense) คำนี้แรงมากๆ</p>

In the coffee shop.

Susan : Tom and Jane got engaged last Monday. Heard about it?

Robert : ..... They've never got along well each other.

1. a. Is there any wonder?  
b. Happy anniversary!  
c. That's exactly what I think  
d. You must be pulling my leg.

On the road.

Jim : Are we on the right way to the science museum?

Tony : .....

2. a. I think you are right.  
b. I think so.  
c. I am a stranger here myself.  
d. If I am not mistaken.

Jannie : I think being a good teacher requires much patience and enthusiasm.

Tommy : ..... That's why I think I am not qualified.

3. a. Gosh, I don't think so.  
b. I am very for this idea.  
c. Come off it.  
d. You are putting me on it .....

Anita : Do you think that travelling broadens our knowledge?

Tommy : .....4..... When visiting new places, you will learn more experiences and new things. ....5....., everyone should go on an annual holiday abroad.

Anita : .....6..... However, not everyone can afford the travelling costs. Don't you think that?

4. a. I don't mean to.  
b. My opinion is quite different.  
c. No doubt about it  
d. Don't drag your feet.
5. a. To be honest  
b. As far as I know  
c. With due respect  
d. In my opinion

6.
  - a. Don't be silly.
  - b. What on earth are you thinking?
  - c. That's quite right.
  - d. I am against it.

**Asking for a favor / assistance** การขอความช่วยเหลือ

**Remember**

คำศัพท์ 2 ตัว ที่ต้องจำให้แม่นๆ เลยก็คือ **hand / favour** ซึ่งหมายถึง ความช่วยเหลือ

- |                                             |                                           |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
|                                             | <b>Can you help me?</b>                   |
| <b>Would you be kind enough to help me?</b> | <b>Will } you give me a hand, please?</b> |
|                                             | <b>Can</b>                                |
| <b>Could you please help me?</b>            | <b>May I beg you a favour?</b>            |
| <b>I wonder if you'd me a favour.</b>       | <b>Would you please do me a favour?</b>   |
| <b>Could you possibly do me a favour?</b>   | <b>Would you do me a favour?</b>          |

การตอบรับความช่วยเหลือ	การปฏิเสธไม่ให้ความช่วยเหลือ
I'd be glad to. It would be a pleasure. By all means. It'd be a pleasure of me. You can depend on me. Certainly, if I can. I am willing to. Yes, all right. Certainly, what is it?	I am sorry but..... Sorry, but..... Sorry, I can't.

**Remember**

ถ้าเจอคำถามประเภท **Would you mind + V.ing?**

**Do**

ที่ใช้ในการขอความช่วยเหลือ พยายามอย่าตอบ **Yes** การตอบกลับคำถามในลักษณะนี้ คือ

**Would you mind helping me with this?** (คุณจะรังเกียจที่จะช่วยฉันในเรื่องนี้ไหมคะ)

ตอบ **No, I don't mind.**      **No, I wouldn't mind.**

**No, of course not.**      **No, I'd be glad to.**

**All right. / Not at all.**

1. Jell : Would you please do me a favour, Sally?  
Sally : .....  
a. Don't mention it.  
b. What's the use of it?  
c. Of course, what do you want?  
d. Well, I guess not.
2. Kelly : Could you help me solve this problem?  
Mike : .....  
a. Why not, I'd be glad to.  
b. Let me check my schedule.  
c. It's rather difficult for you.  
d. No doubt about it.
3. Amy : Would you mind helping me change the flat tyre?  
Monnie : .....  
a. What a bad luck!  
b. Not at all.  
c. I hope not.  
d. It depends on.
4. Teacher : .....  
Student : Pleasure, what is it?  
a. Do you know where the show is held?  
b. Would you mind helping me?  
c. Would you do me a favour?  
d. Could I lend you a hand?

Talking about the shopping.

Jan : Are you going to the shopping mall?

Lisa : Certainly.

Jan : .....5.....

Lisa : I'd be glad to. ....6.....

Jan : No, thanks. ....7.....

Lisa : Okay.

5. a. How are you going?  
b. Is there anything interesting?  
c. Could you me a favour?  
d. Could you buy me a few green apples?
6. a. Do you mind giving me more?  
b. Anything else?  
c. What are you worrying?  
d. Do you have any plans?
7. a. Hurry up!  
b. Here is my money.  
c. Just the thing.  
d. What on earth are you waiting for?

